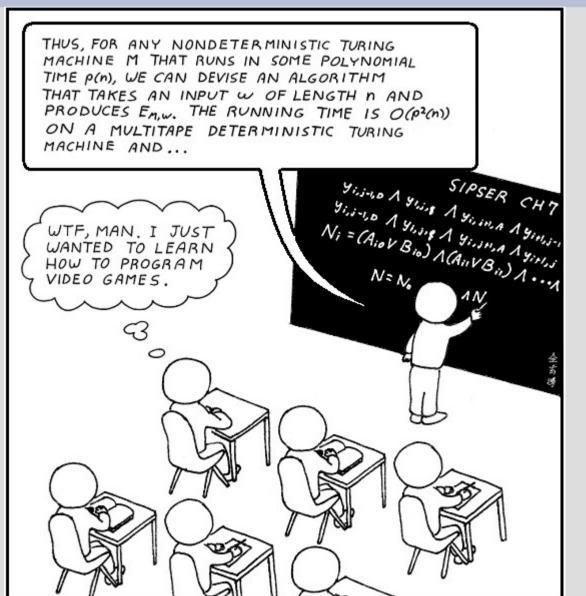
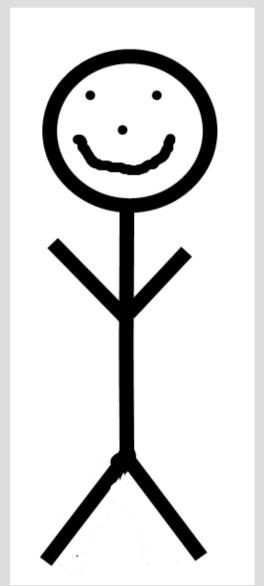
Welcome to CSci 4511W Introduction to Artificial Intelligence I



Instructor (me)

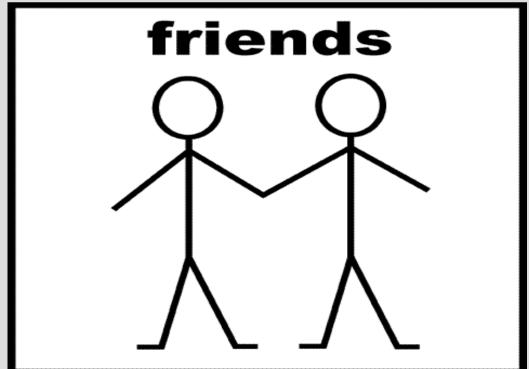
James Parker Shepherd Laboratories 391

Primary contact: jparker@cs.umn.edu



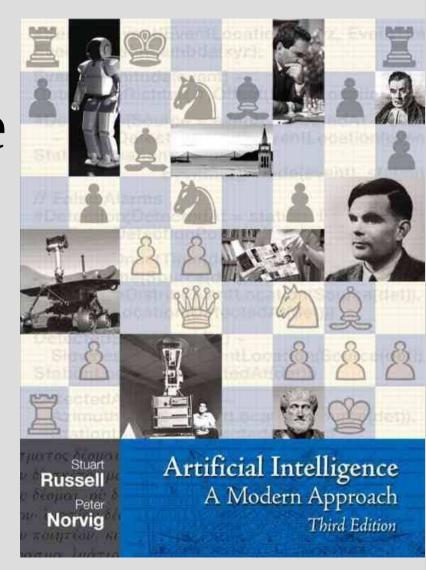
Teaching Assistants

Rahul Bhojwani, Benjamin Hillmann, Yan Luo, Fei Wu



Textbook

Artificial Intelligence A Modern Approach, Russel and Norvig, 3rd edition



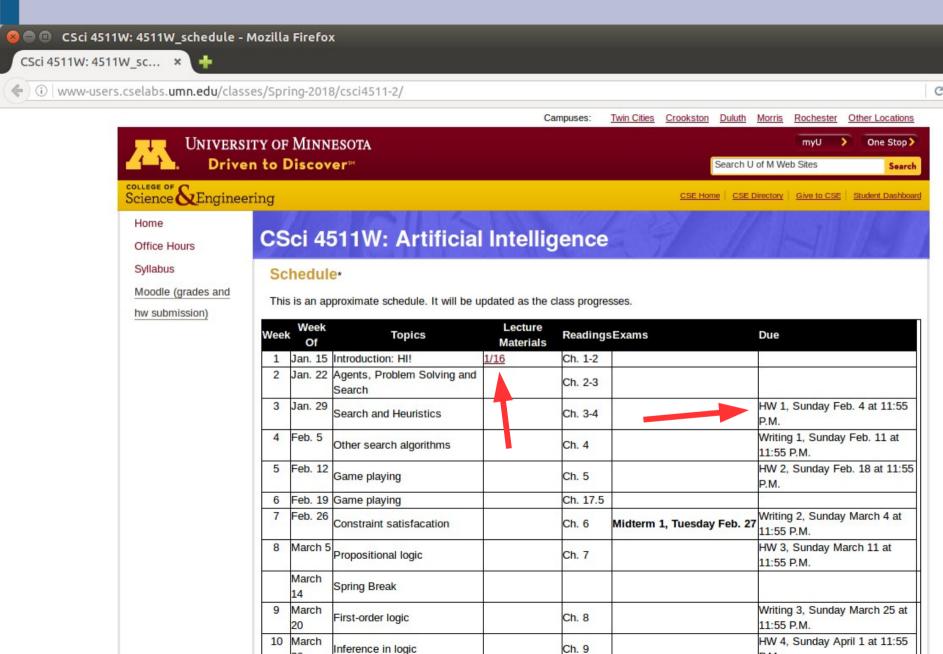
Class website

www.cs.umn.edu/academics/classes Or google "umn.edu csci class"

Syllabus, schedule, other goodies

Moodle page will have grades and homework submission

www.cs.umn.edu



P.M.

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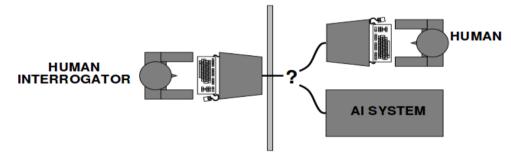
Don't like my slides? (tough)

http://aima.eecs.berkeley.edu/slides-pdf/

Acting humanly: The Turing test

Turing (1950) "Computing machinery and intelligence":

- ♦ "Can machines think?" → "Can machines behave intelligently?"
- Operational test for intelligent behavior: the Imitation Game



- Predicted that by 2000, a machine might have a 30% chance of fooling a lay person for 5 minutes
- ♦ Anticipated all major arguments against AI in following 50 years
- Suggested major components of AI: knowledge, reasoning, language understanding, learning

Problem: Turing test is not reproducible, constructive, or amenable to mathematical analysis

Prerequisites

1. Competent programmer

Understanding of data structures (graphs and trees)

3. Basic knowledge of formal logic (truth tables, boolean ops)

```
25% Homework (-15% per day late)
20% Writing assignments (-15% pdl)
15% Project
10% Midterm (Tues. Feb. 27)
10% Midterm (Tues. April 10)
20% Final (Tues. May 6,
     8:00-10:00am)
3% Extra credit in-class activies
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All exams are open book/notes (most people think they are hard)

You can use an electronic device if you want on exams, but no:

- phones
- internet
- running code

Homework and written assignments are individual assessments (unless explicitly stated otherwise)

Please ensure the work you turn in is your own

Grading scale: 77% C+

93% A 73% C

90% A- 70% C-

87% B+ 67% D+

83% B 60% D

80% B- Below F

Schedule

Week 1-4, Ch 1-4 - Intro & Search Week 5-6, Ch 5, 17.5 - Game playing Week 7-11, Ch 6-9 - Logic Week 12-14, Ch 10, 12 - Planning Week 15 - Special topics

There will be one assignment (or exam) every week on Sundays (first one due Feb. 4)

Writing assignments

The writing assignments will use Latex (down with docx!)

The first few will be reviews of related topics and the last couple will tie into the project

These can be resubmitted within two weeks of being returned for another regrade (once)

The project will be a large part of the class and should be about 10-12 pages and include:

- -Title, authors, abstract
- -Introduction & problem description (1-2 pg)
- -Literature review (2-3 pages)
- -Description of your approach (2-3 pages)
- -Analysis of results (1-2 pages)
- -Conclusion and summary
- -Bibliography

You may work with partner if you wish, but we will expect higher quality of work

If you form a group, you must also submit a the specific contributions of each member

The project should reflect about 50 hours of work per person (including reading, programing and writing)

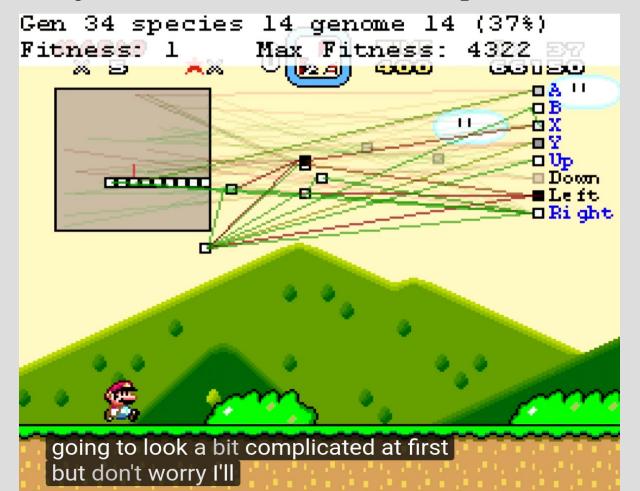
You pick the project, but must use knowledge representation (something interesting)

Some ideas:

- -AI for a game (3D tic-tac-toe, board games...)
- -Spam filter (naive Bayes probability)
- -Use A* to plan paths around Minneapolis
- -Agent behavior in a system (evacuation or disaster resuce)
- -Planning (snail-mail delivery, TSP)

Mario?

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=qv6UVOQ0F44



Any questions?

What is intelligence?

What is intelligence?
-No convenient definition

What is <u>rational</u>?

What is intelligence?

-No convenient definition

What is <u>rational</u>?

-Acts on knowledge to achieve "best outcome"

Turing Test

For a long time, the Turing Test was a supposed indication of intelligence

A person would question two entities and have to determine which one is the computer and human

This is not very popular anymore

Turing Test

To pass the Turing Test, a computer needs the following:

- Natural language processing (as the test is written and not verbal)
- Knowledge representation (storage)
- Reasoning (logical conclusions)
- Machine Learning (extrapolation)

Turing Test

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=WFR3lOm_xhE



The formal definition of a robot is not very useful either

For our purpose, a robot/agent:

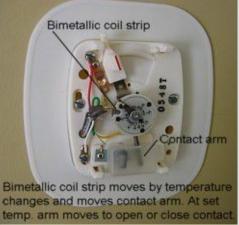
- Perceives the environment
- Adapts to changes
- Pursues a goal

Is this a robot?



.... How about this?





Thus a <u>rational agent</u> acts to achieve the best outcome or goal (or best in expectation with uncertainty)

A <u>limitedly rational agent</u> makes the best choice with limited computation (also called online algorithms)

Often times, fully exploring all the options is too costly (takes forever)

Chess: 10^{47} states (tree about 10^{123})

Go: 10^{171} states (tree about 10^{360})

At 1 million states per second...

Chess: 10¹⁰⁹ years

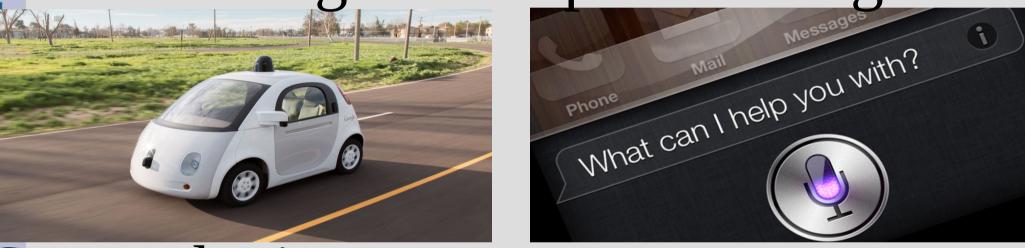
Go: 10³⁴⁶ years

Simple computers have been built for hundreds of years

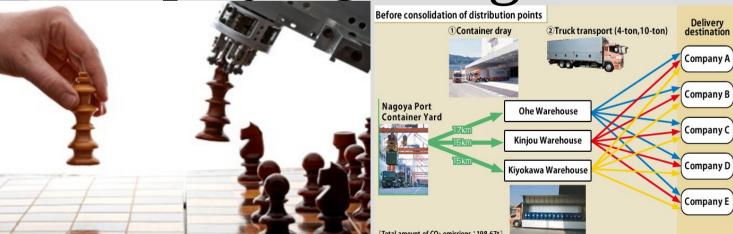
For artificial intelligence to mature, it needed to borrow from other fields: Math - logic and proofs
Statistics - probability
Economics - utility

Self driving cars





Game playing Logistics

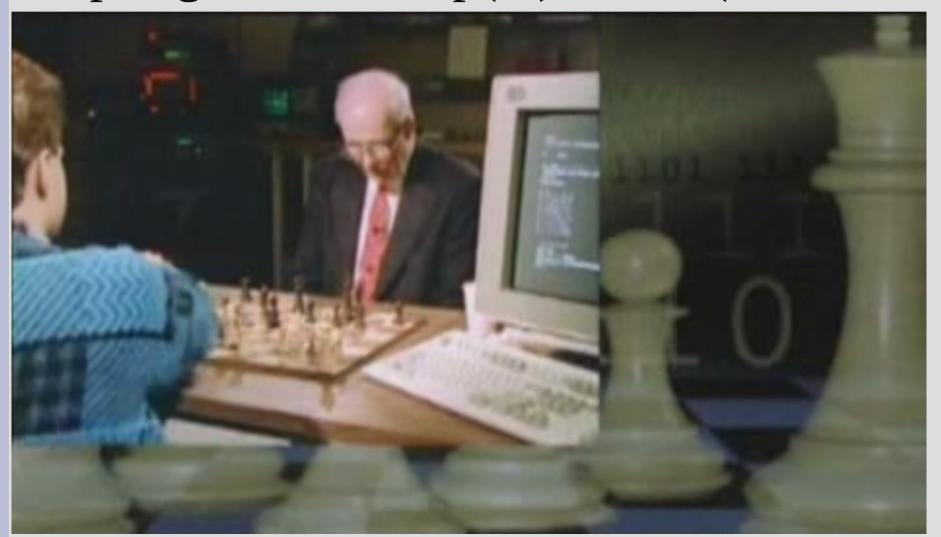


Spam filter



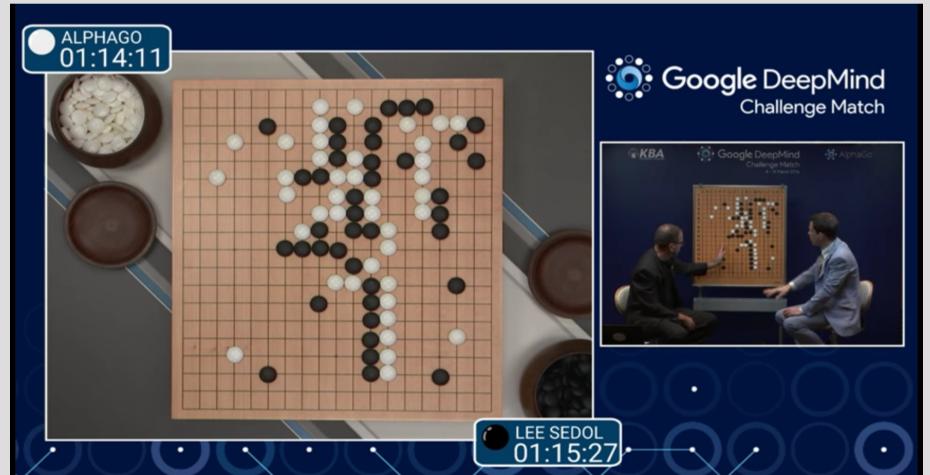
AI - Chess

Spring 1997 - Deep(er) Blue (CMU / IBM)



AI - Go

Spring 2016 - AlphaGo (Google) December 2017- AlphaZero



AI - Dota2

August 2017 - OpenAI (Elon Musk)

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=l92J1UvHf6M&feature=youtu.be

