CSci 4271W Development of Secure Software Systems Day 7: More Threat Modeling, maybe ROP

Stephen McCamant University of Minnesota, Computer Science & Engineering

Outline

More perspectives on threat modeling

Announcements intermission

Threat modeling: printer manager

Return-oriented programming (ROP)

Software-oriented modeling

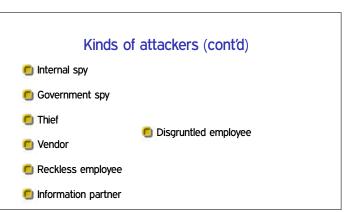
- This is what we've concentrated on until now
 And it will still be the biggest focus
- Think about attacks based on where they show up in the software
- Benefit: easy to connect to software-level mitigations and fixes



- Think about threats based on what assets are targeted / must be protected
- Useful from two perspectives:
 Predict attacker behavior based on goals
 - Prioritize defense based on potential losses
- Can put other modeling in context, but doesn't directly give you threats







Outline

More perspectives on threat modeling

Announcements intermission

Threat modeling: printer manager

Return-oriented programming (ROP)

Problem Set 1 updates

Remember, due this Friday 9/29 by 11:59pm

- PDF instructions updated Monday, recheck due date
- Submit PDF on Gradescope, linked from Canvas
- Use Piazza for clarifications, one post there already

Outline

More perspectives on threat modeling

Announcements intermission

Threat modeling: printer manager

Return-oriented programming (ROP)

Setting: shared lab with printer

- Imagine a scenario similar to CSE Labs

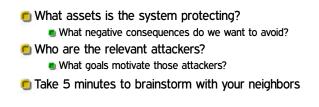
 Computer labs used by many people, with administrators
 Target for modeling: software system used to manage printing
 - Similar to real system, but use your imagination for unknown details

Example functionality

 Queue of jobs waiting to print
 Can cancel own jobs, admins can cancel any
 Automatically converting documents to format needed by printer

Quota of how much you can print

Assets and attackers



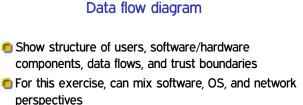
Assets and attackers

Administrators:

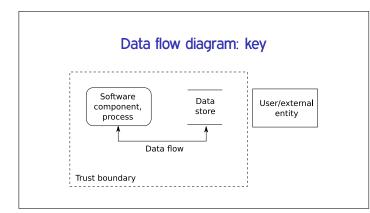
- Want to let students do printing needed for classes
- While minimizing spending on paper, toner, and admins responding to problems

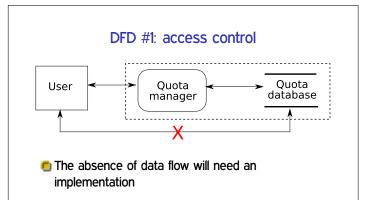
Attackers:

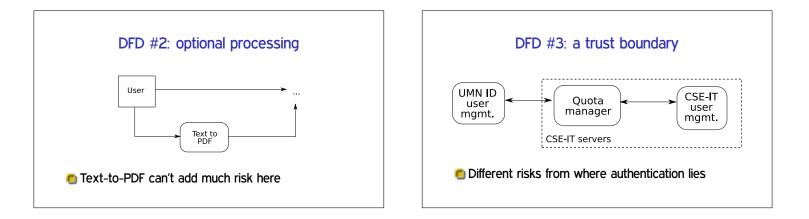
- Non-students might try to print
- Students might try to print too much
- Students might interfere with each other



- Include details relevant to security design decisions
- Take 15 minutes to draw with your neighbors







STRIDE threat brainstorming

- Think about possible threats using the STRIDE classification
- Are all six types applicable in this example?
- Take 10 minutes to brainstorm with your neighbors

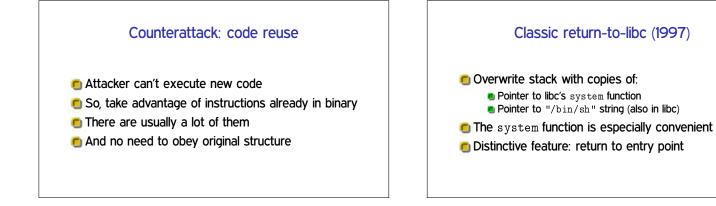
Outline

More perspectives on threat modeling

Announcements intermission

Threat modeling: printer manager

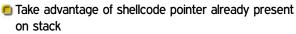
Return-oriented programming (ROP)





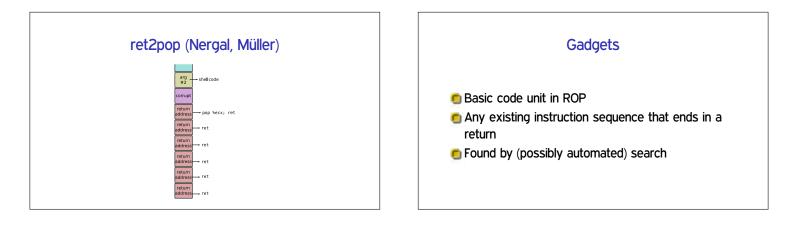
Treat the stack like a new instruction set

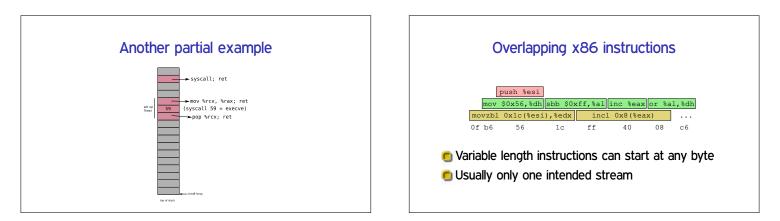
- "Opcodes" are pointers to existing code
- Generalizes return-to-libc with more programmability
- Academic introduction and source of name: Hovav Shacham, ACM CCS 2007

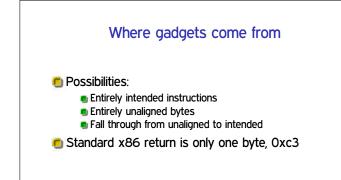


Rewrite intervening stack to treat the shellcode pointer like a return address

A long sequence of chained returns, one pop









Hardest case: conditional branch

Existing jCC instructions not useful

🖲 But carry flag CF is

Three steps:

- 1. Do operation that sets CF
- 2. Transfer CF to general-purpose register
- 3. Add variable amount to %esp

Further advances in ROP

- Can also use other indirect jumps, overlapping not required
- Automation in gadget finding and compilers
- In practice: minimal ROP code to allow transfer to other shellcode