

POSIX.1c/D10 Summary

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Introduction

All source that uses POSIX.1c threads must include the header file.

```
#include <pthread.h>
```

In addition, Solaris requires the pre-processor symbol `_REENTRANT` to be defined in the source code before any C source (including header files).

```
#define_REENTRANT
```

The POSIX.1c thread library should be the last library specified on the `cc(1)` command line.

```
voyager% cc -D_REENTRANT ... -lpthread
```

Name Space

Each POSIX.1c type is of the form:

`pthread[_object]_t`

Each POSIX.1c function has the form

`pthread[_object]_operation[_np|_NP]`

where *object* is a type (not required if object is a thread), *operation* is a type-specific operation and *np* (or *NP*) is used to identify non-portable, implementation specific functions.

All POSIX.1c functions (except for `pthread_exit`, `pthread_getspecific` and `pthread_self`) return zero (0) for success or an `errno` value if the operation fails.

There are eight(8) POSIX.1c types:

Table 0-1 POSIX.1c types

| Type | Description |
|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| <code>pthread_attr_t</code> | Thread attribute |
| <code>pthread_mutexattr_t</code> | Mutual Exclusion Lock attribute |
| <code>pthread_condattr_t</code> | Condition variable attribute |
| <code>pthread_mutex_t</code> | Mutual Exclusion Lock (mutex) |
| <code>pthread_cond_t</code> | Condition variable (cv) |
| <code>pthread_t</code> | Thread ID |
| <code>pthread_once_t</code> | Once-only execution |
| <code>pthread_key_t</code> | Thread Specific Data (TSD) key |

Feature Test Macros

POSIX.1c consists of a base (or common) component and a number of implementation optional components. The base is the set of required operations to be supplied by every implementation. The pre-processor symbol `(_POSIX_THREADS)` can be used to test for the presence of the POSIX.1c base. Additionally, the standards document describes a set of six (6) optional components. A pre-processor symbol can be used to test for the presence of each. All of the symbols appear in the following table.

Table 0-2 POSIX.1c Feature Test Macros

| Feature Test Macro | Description |
|--|-------------------------------|
| <code>_POSIX_THREADS</code> | base threads |
| <code>_POSIX_THREAD_ATTR_STACKADDR</code> | stack address attribute |
| <code>_POSIX_THREAD_ATTR_STACKSIZE</code> | stack size attribute |
| <code>_POSIX_THREAD_PRIORITY_SCHEDULING</code> | thread priority scheduling |
| <code>_POSIX_THREAD_PRIO_INHERIT</code> | mutex priority inheritance |
| <code>_POSIX_THREAD_PRIO_PROTECT</code> | mutex priority ceiling |
| <code>_POSIX_THREAD_PROCESS_SHARED</code> | inter-process synchronization |

Macro Dependency

If `_POSIX_THREAD_PRIO_INHERIT` is defined then `_POSIX_THREAD_PRIORITY_SCHEDULING` is defined.

If `_POSIX_THREAD_PRIO_PROTECT` is defined then `_POSIX_THREAD_PRIORITY_SCHEDULING` is defined.

If `_POSIX_THREAD_PRIORITY_SCHEDULING` is defined then `_POSIX_THREADS` is defined.

If `_POSIX_THREADS` is defined then `_POSIX_THREAD_SAFE_FUNCTIONS` is defined.

POSIX.1c API

In the following sections, function arguments that are of the form:

type name = **NULL**

indicate that a value of **NULL** may safely be used for name.

```
int pthread_atfork( void (*prepare)(void) = NULL,
                  void (*parent)(void) = NULL,
                  void (*child)(void) = NULL );
```

Register functions to be called during fork execution.

errors **ENOMEM**

notes `prepare` functions are called in reverse order of registration.
parent and child functions are called in order of registration.

Thread Attributes

All thread attributes are set in an attribute object by a function of the form:

```
int pthread_attr_setname( pthread_attr_t *attr, Type t );
```

All thread attributes are retrieved from an attribute object by a function of the form:

```
int pthread_attr_getname( const pthread_attr_t *attr, Type *t );
```

Where *name* and *Type* are from the table below.

Table 0-3 Thread Attributes

| Name and Type | Feature Test Macro | Value(s) |
|----------------------------------|--|--|
| int inheritsched | <code>_POSIX_THREAD_PRIORITY_SCHEDULING</code> | <code>PTHREAD_INHERIT_SCHED</code> , <code>PTHREAD_EXPLICIT_SCHED</code> |
| int schedpolicy | <code>_POSIX_THREAD_PRIORITY_SCHEDULING</code> | <code>SCHED_FIFO</code> , <code>SCHED_RR</code> , <code>SCHED_OTHER</code> |
| struct sched_param schedparam | <code>_POSIX_THREADS</code> | POSIX.1b, Section 13 |
| int contentionscope | <code>_POSIX_THREAD_PRIORITY_SCHEDULING</code> | <code>PTHREAD_SCOPE_SYSTEM</code> , <code>PTHREAD_SCOPE_PROCESS</code> |
| size_t stacksize | <code>_POSIX_THREAD_ATTR_STACKSIZE</code> | <code>>= PTHREAD_STACK_MIN</code> |

Table 0-3 Thread Attributes

| Name and Type | Feature Test Macro | Value(s) |
|-----------------|---|--|
| void *stackaddr | <code>_POSIX_THREAD_ATTR_STACKADDR</code> | void *stack |
| int detachstate | <code>_POSIX_THREADS</code> | <code>PTHREAD_CREATE_DETACHED</code> , <code>PTHREAD_CREATE_JOINABLE</code> |

```
int pthread_attr_init( pthread_attr_t *attr );
    Initialize a thread attribute object.
    errors ENOMEM

int pthread_attr_destroy( pthread_attr_t *attr );
    Destroy a thread attribute object.
    errors none
```

Thread Management

```
int pthread_create( pthread_t *thread,
                  const pthread_attr_t *attr = NULL,
                  void *(*entry)(void *), void *arg );
    Create a new thread of execution.
    errors EAGAIN, EINVAL
    note Maximum number of PTHREAD_THREADS_MAX threads per process.

int pthread_detach( pthread_t thread );
    Set the detachstate of the specified thread to PTHREAD_CREATE_DETACHED.
    errors EINVAL, ESRCH

pthread_t pthread_self( void );
    Return the thread ID of the calling thread.
    errors none

int pthread_equal( pthread_t t1, pthread_t t2 );
    Compare two thread IDs for equality.
    errors none

void pthread_exit( void *status = NULL );
    Terminate the calling thread.
    errors none

int pthread_join( pthread_t thread, void **status = NULL );
    Synchronize with the termination of a thread.
    errors EINVAL, ESRCH, EDEADLK
    note This function is a cancellation point.

#include <sched.h>
int pthread_getschedparam( pthread_t thread, int *policy, struct sched_param *param );
    Get the scheduling policy and parameters of the specified thread.
    control _POSIX_THREAD_PRIORITY_SCHEDULING
    errors ENOSYS, ESRCH

#include <sched.h>
int pthread_setschedparam( pthread_t thread, int policy,
                          const struct sched_param *param );
```

Set the scheduling policy and parameters of the specified thread.

```
control  _POSIX_THREAD_PRIORITY_SCHEDULING
errors   ENOSYS, EINVAL, ENOTSUP, EPERM, ESRCH
policy   { SCHED_RR, SCHED_FIFO, SCHED_OTHER }
```

Mutex Attributes

All mutex attributes are set in a mutex attribute object by a function of the form:

```
int pthread_mutexattr_setname( pthread_attr_t *attr, Type t );
```

All mutex attributes are retrieved from a mutex attribute object by a function of the form:

```
int pthread_mutexattr_getname( const pthread_attr_t *attr, Type *t );
```

Where *name* and *Type* are from the table below

Table 0-4 Mutex Attributes

| Name and Type | Feature Test Macro | Value(s) |
|-----------------|---|--|
| int protocol | _POSIX_THREAD_PRIO_INHERIT, _POSIX_THREAD_PRIO_PROTECT | PTHREAD_PRIO_NONE, PTHREAD_PRIO_PROTECT, PTHREAD_PRIO_INHERIT |
| int pshared | _POSIX_THREAD_PROCESS_SHARED | PTHREAD_PROCESS_SHARED, PTHREAD_PROCESS_PRIVATE |
| int prioceiling | _POSIX_THREAD_PRIO_PROTECT | POSIX.1b, Section 13 |

```
int pthread_mutexattr_init( pthread_mutexattr_t *attr );
    Initialize a mutex attribute object.
    errors   ENOMEM
```

```
int pthread_mutexattr_destroy( pthread_mutexattr_t *attr );
    Destroy a mutex attribute object.
    errors   EINVAL
```

Mutex Usage

```
int pthread_mutex_init( pthread_mutex_t *mutex, const pthread_mutexattr_t *attr = NULL );
pthread_mutex_t mutex = PTHREAD_MUTEX_INITIALIZER;
```

Initialize a mutex.

```
errors   EAGAIN, ENOMEM, EPERM, EBUSY, EINVAL
```

```
int pthread_mutex_destroy( pthread_mutex_t *mutex );
    Destroy a mutex.
    errors   EBUSY, EINVAL
```

```
int pthread_mutex_getprioceiling( const pthread_mutex_t *mutex, int *prioceiling );
    Get the prioceiling value of the specified mutex.
    control  _POSIX_THREAD_PRIO_PROTECT
    errors   ENOSYS, EINVAL, EPERM
```

```
int pthread_mutex_setprioceiling( pthread_mutex_t *mutex, int prioceiling,
    int *old_ceiling );
```

Set the prioceiling value and return the old prioceiling value in the specified mutex.

```
control  _POSIX_THREAD_PRIO_PROTECT
errors   ENOSYS, EINVAL, EPERM
```

```
int pthread_mutex_lock( pthread_mutex_t *mutex );
```

Acquire the indicated mutex.

```
errors   EINVAL, EDEADLK
```

```
int pthread_mutex_trylock( pthread_mutex_t *mutex );
```

Attempt to acquire the indicated mutex.

```
errors   EINVAL, EBUSY, EINVAL
```

```
int pthread_mutex_unlock( pthread_mutex_t *mutex );
```

Release the (previously acquired) mutex.

```
errors   EINVAL, EPERM
```

Once-only Execution

```
pthread_once_t once = PTHREAD_ONCE_INIT;
```

Initialize a once control variable.

```
int pthread_once( pthread_once_t *once_control, void (*init_routine)(void) );
```

Execute *init_routine* once.

```
errors   none specified
```

Condition Variable Attributes

All condition variable attributes are set in a condition variable attribute object by a function of the form:

```
int pthread_condattr_setname( pthread_condattr_t *attr, Type t );
```

All condition variable attributes are retrieved from a condition variable attribute object by a function of the form:

```
int pthread_condattr_getname( const pthread_condattr_t *attr, Type *t );
```

Where *name* and *Type* are from the table below

Table 0-5 Condition Variable Attributes

| Name and Type | Feature Test Macro | Value(s) |
|---------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| int pshared | _POSIX_THREAD_PROCESS_SHARED | PTHREAD_PROCESS_SHARED, PTHREAD_PROCESS_PRIVATE |

```
int pthread_condattr_init( pthread_condattr_t *attr );
```

Initialize a condition variable attribute object.

```
errors   ENOMEM
```

```
int pthread_condattr_destroy( pthread_condattr_t *attr );
```

Destroy a condition variable attribute object.

```
errors   EINVAL
```

Condition Variable Usage

```
int pthread_cond_init( pthread_cond_t *cond,
```

```

        const pthread_condattr_t *attr = NULL );
pthread_cond_t  cond      = PTHREAD_COND_INITIALIZER;
    Initialize a condition variable.
    errors      EAGAIN, ENOMEM, EBUSY, EINVAL
int  pthread_cond_destroy( pthread_cond_t *cond );
    Destroy a condition variable.
    errors      EBUSY, EINVAL
int  pthread_cond_signal( pthread_cond_t *cond );
    Unblock at least one thread currently blocked in the specified condition variable.
    errors      EINVAL
int  pthread_cond_broadcast( pthread_cond_t *cond );
    Unblock all threads currently blocked on the specified condition variable.
    errors      EINVAL
int  pthread_cond_wait( pthread_cond_t *cond, pthread_mutex_t *mutex );
    Block on the specified condition variable.
    errors      EINVAL
    note       This function is a cancellation point.
int  pthread_cond_timedwait( pthread_cond_t *cond, pthread_mutex_t *mutex,
        const struct timespec *abstime );
    Block on the specified condition variable not longer than the specified absolute time.
    errors      ETIMEDOUT, EINVAL
    note       This function is a cancellation point.

```

Thread Specific Data

```

int  pthread_key_create( pthread_key_t *key, void (*destructor)(void *) = NULL );
    Create a thread-specific data key.
    errors      EAGAIN, ENOMEM
    note       system limit of PTHREAD_KEYS_MAX per process.
               system limit of PTHREAD_DESTRUCTOR_ITERATIONS calls to destructor per
               thread exit.
int  pthread_key_delete( pthread_key_t key );
    Destroy a thread-specific data key.
    errors      EINVAL
void *pthread_getspecific( pthread_key_t key );
    Return the value bound to the given key for the calling thread.
    errors      none
int  pthread_setspecific( pthread_key_t key, const void *value );
    Set the value for the given key in the calling thread.
    errors      ENOMEM, EINVAL

```

Signal Management

```

#include <signal.h>
int  pthread_sigmask( int how, const sigset_t *newmask = NULL, sigset_t *oldmask = NULL );
    Examine or change calling threads signal mask.

```

```

    errors      EINVAL
    how        { SIG_BLOCK, SIG_UNBLOCK, SIG_SETMASK }
#include <signal.h>
int  pthread_kill( pthread_t thread, int signo );
    Deliver signal to indicated thread.
    errors      ESRCH, EINVAL
#include <signal.h>
int  sigwait( const sigset_t *set, int *sig );
    Synchronously accept a signal.
    errors      EINVAL, EINTR
    note       This function is a cancellation point.

```

Cancellation

```

int  pthread_setcancelstate( int state, int *oldstate );
    Set the cancellation state for the calling thread.
    errors      EINVAL
    state      { PTHREAD_CANCEL_ENABLE, PTHREAD_CANCEL_DISABLE }
int  pthread_setcanceltype( int type, int *oldtype );
    Set the cancellation type for the calling thread.
    errors      EINVAL
    type       { PTHREAD_CANCEL_DEFERRED, PTHREAD_CANCEL_ASYNCHRONOUS }
int  pthread_cancel( pthread_t thread );
    Cancel the specified thread.
    errors      ESRCH
    note       threads that have been cancelled terminate with a status of PTHREAD_CANCELED.
void  pthread_testcancel( void );
    Introduce a cancellation point.
    errors      none
    note       This function is a cancellation point.
void  pthread_cleanup_pop( int execute );
    Pop the top item from the cancellation stack and optionally execute it.
    errors      none specified
    note       push and pop operations must appear at the same lexical level.
    execute     { 1, 0 }
void  pthread_cleanup_push( void (*routine)(void *), void *arg );
    Push an item onto the cancellation stack.
    errors      none specified

```