

CSci 4271W  
Development of Secure Software Systems  
Day 1: What's Your Threat Model?

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## Outline

- Key course logistics
- Discussion group greetings
- Intro to security assessment

## Instructor information

- Stephen McCamant
- Office: 4-225E Keller (most days)
- Office hours: Monday 9/27 4-5pm, future weeks TBA
- Email: smccaman@umn.edu

## Teaching assistants

- (Sheikh) Mostofa Amir Foisol
- Office hours: TBA

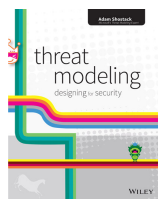
## Course content

- Describe a software system
- Identify potential threats
- Detect (and maybe exploit) vulnerabilities
- Mitigate vulnerabilities
- Prevent vulnerabilities
- At design, coding, application, compiler, OS, network and user interface layers

## Course outline

- Threat Modeling
- Secure Coding
- OS Security
- Network Security
- Cryptography
- Web/Mobile Security and Privacy
- Usability and Human Factors

## Most important textbook



Particularly relevant for the first part of the course

## Next most useful book



Third edition is now free online

## Coursework and grading

Category	#	Weight
Labs	13	5%
Homework	6	10%
Projects	3	45%
Midterms	2	20%
Final Exam	1	20%

## Coursework and grading

Category	#	Weight	Every week
Labs	13	5%	Tool overviews
Homework	6	10%	Short writeup,
Projects	3	45%	score $\in \{0, \frac{1}{2}, 1\}$
Midterms	2	20%	Groups of up to 3
Final Exam	1	20%	Total score out of 10

## Coursework and grading

Category	#	Weight	Every 2-3 weeks
Labs	13	5%	Written work, short coding
Homework	6	10%	Groups of up to 3
Projects	3	45%	Drop one homework
Midterms	2	20%	Late submissions
Final Exam	1	20%	-10%/day up to 3 days

## Coursework and grading

Category	#	Weight	Dates: 3/18, 4/15, 5/5
Labs	13	5%	Evolving 10-12 page report:
Homework	6	10%	■ Design
Projects	3	45%	■ Threat Model
Midterms	2	20%	■ Vulnerabilities
Final Exam	1	20%	Groups of up to 3
			One extension (to Friday)

## Coursework and grading

Category	#	Weight	In-class exams:
Labs	13	5%	Thursday, February 20th
Homework	6	10%	Thursday, March 27th
Projects	3	45%	Final:
Midterms	2	20%	Saturday, May 10th, 4-6pm
Final Exam	1	20%	Open-book, open-notes
			Short answer, exercise-like

## Security ethics

- Don't use techniques discussed in class to attack the security of other people's computers!
- If we find you do, **you will fail**, along with other applicable penalties

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## Say hello to your neighbors

- From time to time I'll ask you to do discussions or exercises in groups with people sitting near you
- For today, just introduce yourself to the folks sitting nearby

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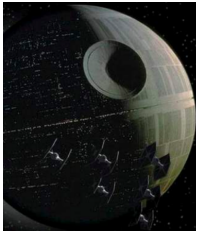
## Security assessment



Star Wars TM and (C) Lucasfilm, Ltd.

■ "Is it secure?"

## Security assessment



Star Wars TM and (C) Lucasfilm, Ltd.

- "Is it secure?"
- Secure against what?

## Security assessment



Star Wars TM and (C) Lucasfilm, Ltd.

- "Is it secure?"
- Secure against what?
- What's your **threat model**?

## Secure against what?

What **properties** should be preserved, against an attacker with what **resources**?

Properties	Assets
Confidentiality	Data
Integrity	Memory
Availability	Execution
Accountability	Network
Dependability	Devices

## Secure against what? (cont'd)

What properties should be preserved, against an **attacker** with what **resources**?

Attacker	Resources
Customer	Computational
Employee	Physical
Competitor	Monetary
Government	Credentials
Nature	

## Secure against what? (cont'd)

What properties should be preserved, against an **attacker** with what **resources**?

Attacker	Resources	Goal/Motive
Customer	Computational	LOLs
Employee	Physical	... Profit!
Competitor	Monetary	Competition
Government	Credentials	Espionage
Nature		

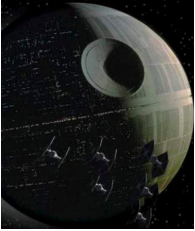
## Secure against what? (cont'd)

What properties should be preserved, against an **attacker** with what **resources**?

Attacker	Resources	Goal/Motive
Customer	Computational	LOLs
Employee	Physical	... Profit!
Competitor	Monetary	Competition
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Nature		

What attacks are **out of scope**?

## Threat modeling



Star Wars TM and (C) Lucasfilm, Ltd.

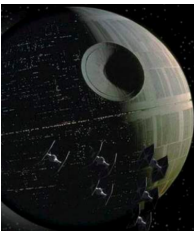
## Threat modeling



Star Wars TM and (C) Lucasfilm, Ltd.

- What does/should it do?

## Threat modeling



Star Wars TM and (C) Lucasfilm, Ltd.

- What does/should it do?
- What could go wrong?

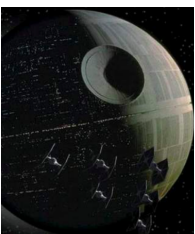
## Threat modeling



Star Wars TM and (C) Lucasfilm, Ltd.

- What does/should it do?
- What could go wrong?
- What are you doing about it?

## Threat modeling



Star Wars TM and (C) Lucasfilm, Ltd.

- What does/should it do?
- What could go wrong?
- What are you doing about it?
- How did you do?

## Risks and costs

- Answering the questions "What are you going to do about it?" and "How did you do?" often involves balancing risk against cost.
- Risk due to a set of attacks is the expected cost per time
- One measure of risk is Annualized Loss Expectancy (ALE):

$$\sum_{\text{attacks } A} (p_A \cdot L_A)$$

$p_A$  is the annualized attack incidence  
 $L_A$  is the cost (loss) per attack

## Risk reduction

- A mitigation or defense  $D$  may reduce the ALE of an attack by reducing  $p_A$  or  $L_A$ . This is the **Gross Risk Reduction**:

$$GRR_D = \sum_{\text{attacks } A} ((p_A \cdot L_A) - (p'_A \cdot L'_A))$$

- Since the defense also has a cost  $C_D$ , the **Net Risk Reduction** is  $NRR_D = GRR_D - C_D$